CausalARC







Abstract Reasoning with Causal World Models

Jacqueline Maasch¹, John Kalantari², Kia Khezeli² | ¹Cornell Tech, New York, NY ²YRIKKA, New York, NY

Abstract. This work introduces CausalARC: an experimental testbed for AI reasoning in low-data and out-of-distribution regimes, modeled after the Abstraction and Reasoning Corpus (ARC) [3]. Each reasoning task is sampled from a fully specified *causal world model*, formally expressed as a structural causal model (SCM). LLM performance on CausalARC varied heavily across tasks: (1) **abstract reasoning with test-time training**, (2) **counterfactual reasoning**, (3) **program synthesis**, (4) **causal discovery**.

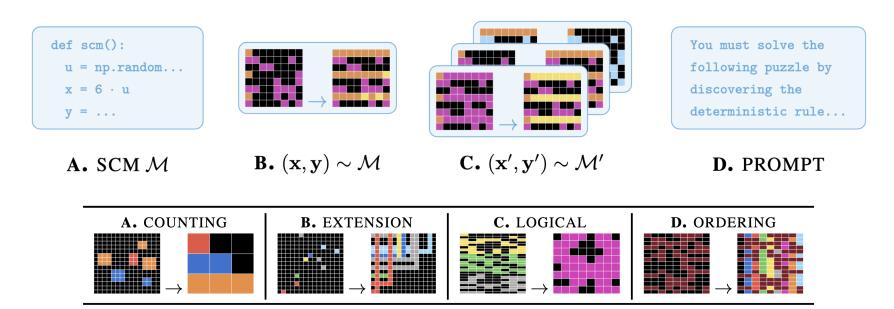


Figure 1: **The CausalARC testbed.** (**A**) First, SCM \mathcal{M} is manually transcribed in Python code. (**B**) Randomly sampled input-output pairs offer observational learning signals about the world model. (**C**) Sampling from submodels \mathcal{M}' of \mathcal{M} yields interventional samples $(\mathbf{x}', \mathbf{y}')$. Performing multiple interventions while holding the exogenous context constant yields a set of counterfactual pairs. (**D**) Automatically generated prompts with in-context demonstrations.

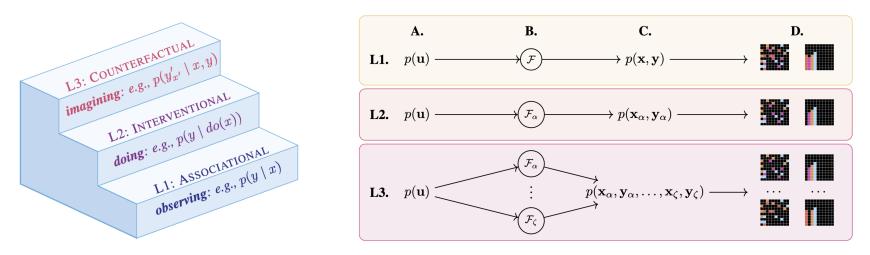


Figure 2: **[Left] The Pearl Causal Hierarchy (PCH)**: observing factual realities (L1), exerting actions to induce interventional realities (L2), and imagining alternate counterfactual realities (L3) [2]. **[Right] Jointly observed counterfactuals in CausalARC.** (A) The distribution over the exogenous context (i.e., the external state). (B) Transformations applied to the exogenous context (e.g., functions \mathcal{F} in the observational world; updated functions \mathcal{F}_{α} under intervention α). (C) Induced distributions, following from the applied transformation. (D) CausalARC samples from each rung of the PCH. Adapted from [2].

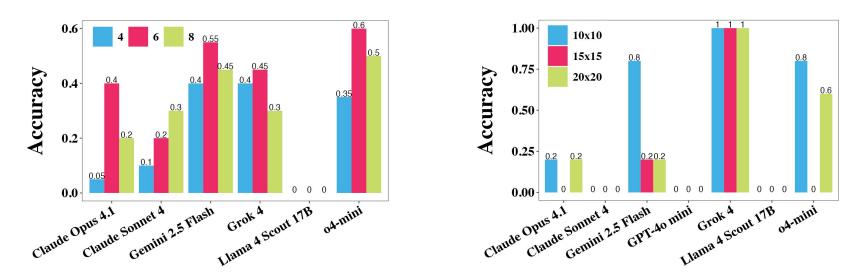


Figure 3: [Left] Program synthesis on four counting and extension tasks as total in-context demonstrations increased. [Right] Causal discovery with logical reasoning as array size increased. Scores were over five random L1 prompt samples.

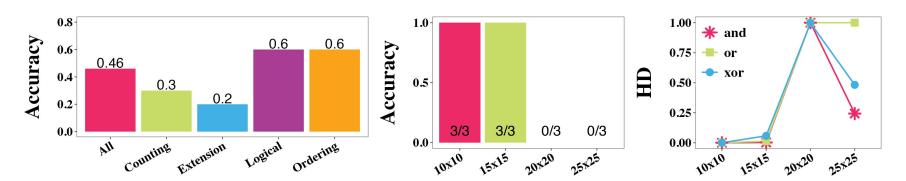


Figure 4: **Abstract reasoning with test-time training** (TTT). **[Left]** Accuracy by CausalARC theme for MARC with TTT (Llama 3 8B base) [1]. **[Center, right]** Performance on *and*, *or*, and *xor* tasks sampled from CausalARC task SCMdky5 as array size increases.

